

<p>What is culture?</p>	<p>Culture is a mix of _____, _____, _____, and _____ objects that form (i.e. cultivate) a people's way of life.</p>
<p>What is cultural geography?</p>	<p>Cultural geography is the study of _____ and _____ cultures vary over space.</p>
<p>What is cultural landscape?</p>	<p>Cultural landscapes are _____ that reveal a society's cultural identity through _____ as well as through _____ and artifacts.</p>
<p>Four Types of Landscapes:</p>	<p>_____ Landscapes: Consciously designed to embody the _____ cultural ideals of the designer</p> <p>_____ Landscapes: A landscape that comes about through the use of _____ over _____</p> <p>_____ Site: A landscape that is important because of a _____ event, activity, or _____.</p> <p>_____ Landscape: A landscape that contains both _____ and _____ resources important to a certain group of people.</p>
<p>What is cultural ecology?</p>	<p>Cultural ecology studies the _____ between the natural _____ and _____.</p>

<u>Schools of Thought</u>	
Environmental Determinism:	<p>-Social culture is developed _____ by the _____.</p> <p>-Similar _____ produce similar _____.</p>
Possibilism:	<p>-People develop _____ as much as _____.</p> <p>-The environment provides _____ for a culture.</p> <p>- _____ increases the _____.</p>
Environmental Perception:	<p>-Perception of the _____ affects _____.</p> <p>-Perception is developed by the _____ of culture.</p>
Cultural Determinism:	<p>- Human culture is more important than the _____ environment.</p> <p>-Humans determine the _____.</p>
Example:	_____
Section B: What is culture made of?	
Habit	A _____ act that an _____ performs.
Custom	A habit of a group that becomes an _____ characteristic
Culture	A collection of group _____.
Material Culture:	_____, Furniture, _____, Books
Nonmaterial Culture:	_____, Beliefs, Behaviors, _____
Culture Trait:	A single _____ of a culture. Often not confined to a _____ area.
Culture Complex:	<p>The combination of different cultural _____ in distinctive ways.</p> <p>Common _____, beliefs, _____, and artifacts that make on place _____.</p>

<p>Culture System:</p>	<p>A group of _____ culture complexes.</p> <p>Any area with strong _____ ties that _____ people together.</p>
<p>Culture Region:</p>	<p>An area marked by culture that _____ it from other regions.</p>
<p>Cultural Realm:</p>	<p>A _____ area marked by a number of cultural regions. It is set apart from other _____ areas because of these regions.</p>
<p>Section C: Where does culture come from?</p>	
<p>Cultural hearth</p>	<p>A cultural hearth is the area where a cultural _____ first _____.</p>
<p>Early hearths</p>	<p>Early cultural hearths were almost completely determined by the _____ - IE _____</p>
<p>What is independent inventions?</p>	<p>Independent inventions are cultural traits that develop many hearths _____ from _____ with one another.</p>
<p>Example:</p>	<p>_____ is an example of independent invention.</p>
<p>What is cultural diffusion?</p>	<p>Cultural diffusion is the _____ of culture to areas surrounding the cultural hearth.</p>
<p>What are the four types of diffusion?</p>	<p>_____, _____,</p> <p>_____, _____</p>
<p>Section D: How do people adapt to culture?</p>	
<p>Acculturation</p>	<p>-Acculturation is the process of the _____ dominant culture _____ the traits of the more dominant one.</p>

Assimilation	-Assimilation is when the _____ dominant culture loses _____ customs completely
Transculturation	-Transculturation is the two way flow of culture between the _____ and _____ dominant culture.
Syncretism	Syncretism is the combination of different cultural _____ into one.
Example:	_____
Section E: How do we interpret culture?	
Ethnocentrism	-Ethnocentrism is the practice of _____ another culture by the standards of one's _____ culture.
Cultural relativism	-Cultural relativism is the practice of _____ a culture by its _____ standards.
Part 2: Folk Culture	
What is folk culture?	Folk culture is the practices of a relatively _____ group of people in a _____ area.
Three types of groups practicing folk culture:	<p>_____ - a culture group made up of the original _____ of a territory that is distinct from the dominant national culture</p> <p>Folk Culture Region: A culture group where _____ are traditionally practiced by a _____, _____, rural group living in relative isolation from other groups.</p> <p>Subculture: A group that shares in some parts of the _____ culture but has their own distinctive values, _____, language, and/or _____.</p>

Section B: Folk Music	
What is folk music?	<p>-Music composed by _____ composers and transmitted through _____ tradition.</p> <p>-Contains important _____ cycle event (birth, death, and marriage) customs</p> <p>-Often used to teach _____ generations about culturally relevant topics.</p>
American Folk Music	<p>The _____ songs: Ballads close to _____ originals. The fiddle is featured in dances and _____ and _____ bands are popular.</p> <p>The Southern and Appalachian Songs: Westward to Texas, speak of hard lives and is the roots of _____ music.</p> <p>_____ Songs: West of the Mississippi River, reflects the experiences of _____, plains farmers, river people and _____ seekers.</p> <p>_____ Songs: Located in the _____ and grew out of _____.</p>
Section C: Folk Architecture	<p>Folk Housing: Reflect both _____ and environmental influences</p> <p>Often based on _____ available</p> <p>Houses from different _____ can be vastly different even if in similar environments.</p>
Material Types:	<p>Thatching: _____</p> <p>Mud Brick: _____</p> <p>Sod: _____</p> <p>Timber: _____</p> <p>Stone: _____</p>

<p>Vernacular Housing in the US</p>	<p>New England Style Houses: Salt Box House, Two Chimney House, Cape Cod House, Front Gable and Wing House</p> <p>Middle Atlantic: I-House, Swiss-German Barn House</p> <p>Lower Chesapeake: Steep Roof</p>
<p>Part 3: Popular Culture</p>	
<p>What is popular culture?</p>	<p>Popular culture is made up of _____, _____ societies that share certain habits</p>
<p>Traits of Popular Culture</p>	<p>_____ based</p> <p>Product of _____ countries</p> <p>_____ people practicing _____ culture</p> <p>Easily defined _____.</p>
<p>Popular Music</p>	<p>Music that is written by specific _____ for the purpose of being sold to a _____ number of people</p>
<p>Popular Clothing</p>	<p>Clothing developed by a specific _____ to be sold.</p> <p>Largely based on _____ perception rather than environmental need.</p>
<p>Section B: Causes of Popular Culture Diffusion</p>	<p>_____ technology: A _____ phone repair shop in India.</p> <p>_____ technology: A high-speed rail in _____</p> <p>_____ : A _____ shop in China.</p> <p>Mass Production and Industrialization: An _____ assembly line.</p>

Section C:
Consequences
of Popular
Culture

Cultural
Imperialism

_____ culture can often clash with _____
cultures as it spread.

Uniformed
Landscapes

How might the spread of popular culture affect diversity?

Overuse of
Natural
Resources

_____ in the Madagascar Central Highland
Plateau.

Pollution

_____ -pollution in _____ has increased due to
rapid growth of commerce.